**SECTION 0541**

**ACCESS FLOORING**

**PART 1** - **GENERAL**

**1.1 Section Includes**

1. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
2. Work of this section includes, but is not limited to: access floor panels, understructure and accessories.

**1.2A Related Sections**

1. Concrete sealer shall be compatible with pedestal adhesive, see Division 3.
2. See Division 26 Section “Grounding and Bonding for Electrical Systems” for connection to ground of access flooring understructure. Note: The electrical engineer or contractor shall determine requirements for grounding and the electrical contractor shall provide the necessary labour and materials to electrically connect the access flooring to the building ground if it is required.

**1.3 Environmental Conditions for Storage and Installation**

1. Area to receive and store access floor materials shall be enclosed and maintained at ambient temperatures from 1.7 to 35°C and relative humidity levels from 20 to 80%. All floor panels shall be stored at ambient temperatures from 10 to 32°C for at least 24 hours before installation begins. All areas of installation shall be enclosed and maintained at ambient temperature from 10 to 32°C and at relative humidity levels from 20 to 80% and shall remain within these environmental limits throughout occupancy.

**1.4 References**

1. CISCA (Ceilings & Interior Systems Construction Association) - “Recommended Test Procedures for Access Floors” shall be used as a guideline when presenting load performance product information.
2. Note: As of October 2016, the previous standard AS 4154-1993 General Access Floors has been withdrawn by Standards Australia. As defined by Standards Australia, ‘Withdrawn’ indicates the document is no longer relevant, or its designation has changed. Standards Australia has not listed an alternative standard. Therefore, Tate has adopted CISCA (Ceilings & Interior Systems Construction Association) - “Recommended Test Procedures for Access Floors” shall be used as a guideline when presenting load performance product information. The CISCA test method is used globally and is widely respected as the most common test procedure for Access Floors.

**1.5** **Performance Certification**

1. Product tests shall be witnessed and certified by an independent engineering and testing laboratory with a minimum of five years’ experience testing access floor components in accordance CISCA “Recommended Test Procedures for Access Floors”.

**1.6 Product Marking**

1. Floor panels shall be marked with vendor’s name, product identification and manufacturing date**.**

**1.7 Performance Requirements**

 **Floor Panels:**

1. **Design Load (Allowable Load):** Panel *when supported by actual understructure* shall withstand a point load of 11.1kN concentrated on a 25mm square area at any location without exceeding 0.25mm permanent set. The test method for verifying the design load rating shall conform to CISCA A/F, Section 1 “Concentrated Loads” test method except the test panel shall be supported by actual understructure used in installed systems rather than by steel support blocks.
2. **Ultimate Load:** Panel *when supported by actual understructure* shall withstand a point load of no less than 22.2kN concentrated on a 25mm square area at any location without failure when tested in accordance with CISCA A/F, Section 2 “Ultimate Loading.” Failure is defined as the point at which the system will no longer accept the load.
3. **Safety Factor**: Panel supported by actual understructure shall maintain an overload safety factor of no less than (2) times its design load anywhere on the panel when tested in accordance with CISCA A/F, Section 2 “Ultimate Loading.” Safety factor is calculated by dividing the ultimate load by the design load.
4. **Rolling Load**: Panel supported on actual understructure system shall withstand the following rolling loads at any location on the panel without developing a local and overall surface deformation greater than 1.0mm when tested in accordance with CISCA A/F Section 3, “Rolling Loads”.

Note: Wheel 1 and Wheel 2 tests shall be performed on two separate panels.

Wheel 1: Size: 76mm dia. x 46mm wide Load: 8.9 kN Passes: 10

Wheel 2: Size: 254mm dia. x 100mm wide Load: 6.7 kN Passes: 10,000

1. **Impact Load**: Panel supported on actual understructure (the system) shall be capable of supporting an impact load of 91kg dropped from a height of 914mm onto a 6.5cm2 area (using a round or square indentor) at any location on the panel.
2. **Panel Drop Test**: Panel shall be capable of being dropped face up onto to a concrete slab from a height of 900 mm, after which it shall continue to meet all load performance requirements as previously defined.

1. **Panel Cutout**: Panel with a 200mm diameter interior cutout supported on actual understructure shall be capable of maintaining its design load strength anywhere on the panel without the use of additional supports.
2. **Flammability**: System shall meet *Class A* Flame spread requirements for flame spread and smoke development. Tests shall be performed in accordance with ASTM-E84-1998, Standard Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics for Building Materials.
3. **Combustibility**: All components of the access floor system shall qualify as noncombustible by demonstrating compliance with requirements of ASTM E 136, Standard Test Method for Behaviour of Materials in a Vertical Tube Furnace at 750°C.
4. **Fire Hazard:** All components of the access floor system produce early fire hazard results as tested under ISO9239-1-2003, which include Ignitability 0, Spread of Flam 0, Heat evolved 0, and Smoke Developed. Manufacturer to product independent test reports to demonstrate compliance with this standard.

**Understructure:**

1. **Pedestal Axial Load**: Pedestal support assembly shall provide a minimum 26.64kN axial load without permanent deformation.
2. **Pedestal Overturning Moment**: Pedestal support assembly shall provide an average overturning moment of 113Nm when glued to a clean, sound, uncoated concrete surface.
3. **Stringer Concentrated Load:** Stringer shall be capable of withstanding a concentrated load of
200kg placed in its mid-span on a 25mm square area using a round or square indentor without exceeding a permanent set of 0.25mm after the load is removed.

**1.8 Design Requirements:**

1. Access floor system, where indicated on the design documents, shall consist of modular and removable fully encased cementitious filled welded steel panels supported on all four edges by structural steel members which are designed to bolt onto adjustable height pedestal assemblies forming a modular grid pattern.
2. Panel shall be easily removed by one person with a suction cup lifting device and shall be interchangeable except where cut for special conditions.
3. Quantities, finished floor heights (FFH) and location of accessories shall be as specified on the contract drawings.

**1.9A Submittals for Review**

1. Detail sheets, for each proposed product type, which provide the necessary information to describe the product and its performance.
2. Test reports, certified by an independent testing laboratory with a minimum of five years experience testing access floor components in accordance CISCA Recommended Test Procedures, certifying that component parts perform as specified.

**1.9B Submittals for Information**

1. Manufacturer’s installation instructions and guidelines.
2. Manufacturer’s Owner Manual outlining recommended care and maintenance procedures.

**PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

**2.1 Manufacturers**

1. Access floor system shall be by Tate Asia-Pacific Pty Ltd and shall consist of the
ConCore® ICSF2000 access floor panel supported by the bolted stringer understructure system.

1. Alternative products shall meet or exceed all requirements as indicated herein and must receive prior written approval by the architect or designer.

**2.2 Support Components**

 **Pedestals:**

1. Pedestal assemblies shall be corrosive resistant, all steel welded construction, and shall provide an adjustment range of +/- 25mm for finished floor heights 150mm or greater.
2. Pedestal assemblies shall provide a means of leveling and locking the assembly at a selected height, which requires deliberate action to change height setting and prevents vibration displacement.
3. Nickel plated steel pedestal head assembly shall consist of a 4 mm thick die formed steel plate resistance welded to a 19 mm diameter solid steel threaded rod which includes a specially designed vibration proof adjusting nut with location lugs to engage the base, such that deliberate action is required to change the height setting.
4. Pedestal head shall be tapped for engagement of stringer screws.
5. Threaded rod shall be solid steel and shall include an anti-rotation device such that when the head assembly is engaged in the base the head cannot freely rotate (for FFH of 150 mm or greater). This prevents the assembly from losing its leveling adjustment when panels are removed from the installation during use.
6. Nickel plated pedestal base assembly shall consist of a 2mm thick formed steel plate with no less than 100 square cm bearing area, welded to a 22mm square steel tube and shall be designed to engage the head assembly.
7. Pedestal head and base will made of similar materials and coated to resist zinc whisker formation. Electro zinc plated components will not be accepted.

**Stringers:**

1. Stringers shall support each edge of panel.

1. Heavy-duty steel box stringer with factory-applied gasket shall have conductive hot dipped galvanized coating to prevent corrosion.
2. Stringers shall be individually and rigidly fastened to the pedestal with one M6 x 1 machine screw for every 30cm of stringer length. Stringer bolts shall provide positive electrical contact between the stringers and pedestals. Connections depending on gravity or spring action are unacceptable.
3. Stringer grid pattern shall be **[all 120cm stringers in a basketweave configuration ensuring maximum lateral stability in all directions] [all 60cm stringers] [combination of 120cm and 60cm stringers]**.

**2.3 Panel Components**

 **ConCore® ICSF Floor Panel:**

1. Panels shall consist of a top steel sheet welded to a formed steel bottom pan filled internally with a lightweight cementitious material. Mechanical or adhesive methods for attachment of the steel top and bottom sheets are unacceptable.
2. Cementitious fill material shall be totally encased within the steel welded shell except where cut for special conditions**.**
3. Panel shall have a total of 120 welds; comprising 64 internal and 56 perimeter welds to ensure structural integrity.
4. Panel shall be protected from corrosion by a powder paint finish.
5. Panel shall be fitted with factory applied finish
6. All factory applied finishes to comply with slip resistance requirements as details under the BCA.
	1. **Accessories**
7. Provide manufacturer’s standard steps, ramps, fascia plate, perimeter support, and grommets where indicated on the contract drawings.
8. Provide \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ spare floor panels and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ square metres of understructure systems for each type used in the project for maintenance stock. Deliver to project in manufacturer’s standard packaging clearly marked with the contents.
9. Provide \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ panel lifting devices.
10. When applicable provide manufacturer’s standard underfloor air systems components (including grilles and diffusers) where indicated on the contract drawings.

**2.5 Finishes**

1. Finish the surface of floor panels with floor covering material as indicated on the contract drawings. Where floor coverings are by the access floor manufacturer, the type, colour and pattern shall be selected from manufacturer’s standard. All areas to be furnished with laminated floor panels must be maintained at ambient temperature between 10° to 32°C and at humidity level between 20% to 80% relative and shall remain within these ranges through installation and occupancy.

**2.6 Fabrication Tolerances**

1. Panel flatness measured on a diagonal:       +/- .90mm
2. Panel flatness measured along edges:          +/- .635mm
3. Panel width or length of required size:        +/- .25mm
4. Panel squareness tolerance:                         +/- .5mm

**PART 3 – EXECUTION**

**3.1 Preparation**

1. Examine structural subfloor for unevenness, irregularities and dampness that would affect the quality and execution of the work. Do not proceed with installation until structural floor surfaces are level, clean, and dry as completed by others.
2. Concrete sealers, if used, shall be identified and proven to be compatible with pedestal adhesive. Verify that adhesive achieves bond to slab before commencing work.
3. Verify dimensions on contract drawings, including level of interfaces including abutting floor, ledges and doorsills.
4. The General Contractor shall provide clear access, dry subfloor area free of construction debris and other trades throughout installation of access floor system.
5. Area to receive and store access floor materials shall be enclosed and maintained at ambient temperatures from 1.7 to 35°C and relative humidity levels from 20 to 80%. All floor panels shall be stored at ambient temperatures from 10 to 32°C for at least 24 hours before installation begins. All areas of installation shall be enclosed and maintained at ambient temperature from 10 to 32°C and at relative humidity levels from 20 to 80% and shall remain within these environmental limits throughout occupancy.

**3.2 Installation**

1. Pedestal locations shall be established from approved shop drawings so that mechanical and electrical work can be installed without interfering with pedestal installation.
2. Installation of access floor shall be coordinated with other trades to maintain the integrity of the installed system. All traffic on access floor shall be controlled by access floor installer. No traffic but that of access floor installers shall be permitted on any floor area for 24 hours to allow the pedestal adhesive to set. Access floor panels shall not be removed by other trades for
72 hours after their installation.
3. Floor system and accessories shall be installed under the supervision of the manufacturer’s authorised representative and according to manufacturer’s recommendations.
4. No dust or debris producing operations by other trades shall be allowed in areas where access floor is being installed to ensure proper bonding of pedestals to subfloor.
5. Access floor installer shall keep the subfloor broom clean as installation progresses.
6. Partially complete floors shall be braced against shifting to maintain the integrity of the installed system where required.
7. Additional pedestals as needed shall support panels where floor is disrupted by columns, walls, and perimeter cutouts.
8. Understructure shall be aligned such that all uncut panels are interchangeable and fit snugly but do not bind when placed in alternate positions.
9. Finished floor shall be level, not varying more than 1.6mm in 3m or 3.2mm overall.
10. Installed panels shall be straight and square and spaced so that the distance from one end to the other of any line of 12 panels is not less than 7.315m and does not exceed 7.353m.
11. Acceptance: General contractor shall accept floor in whole or in part prior to allowing use by other trades.
12. All cable and wire openings shall be sealed with manufacturer’s removable cable cutout seal or grommets.

### End ###